

# True Brand Headlight Restoration

## Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations

Revision Date: 01/22/2014

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Version: 1.0

### 1. IDENTIFICATION

#### Product Identifier

**Product Name** True Brand Headlight Restoration

#### Other means of identification

**SDS #** T601

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

**Recommended Use** Light restoration and repair coating (1.5 oz net fill weight).

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

##### **Supplier Address**

Solid Start, LLC  
3705 US Hwy 98 South, Suite 9  
Lakeland, FL 33812  
(877) 290-3950

#### Emergency Telephone Number

**Company Phone Number** 561-630-0747  
**24 Hour Emergency Phone Number** Infotrac Contract Number #101914  
**Emergency Telephone (24 hr)** INFOTRAC 1-352-323-3500 (International)  
1-800-535-5053 (North America)

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Appearance** Liquid spray mist                      **Physical State** Aerosol                      **Odor** Solvent

#### Classification

Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Dusts/Mists)	Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
Reproductive toxicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 2
Aspiration toxicity	Category 1
Flammable Aerosols	Category 1

#### Signal Word

**Danger**

#### Hazard Statements

Harmful if inhaled  
Causes skin irritation  
Causes serious eye irritation  
May cause genetic defects  
May cause cancer  
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child  
May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness  
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure  
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways  
Extremely flammable aerosol

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Pressurized container: May burst if heated



### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use  
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood  
Use personal protective equipment as required  
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area  
Wear eye protection  
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling  
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray  
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking  
Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source  
Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use

### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention  
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing  
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention  
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water  
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention  
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse  
IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing  
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician  
Do not induce vomiting

### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store locked up  
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed  
Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F

### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

### **Other Hazards**

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects  
Harmful to aquatic life

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29CFR 1910.1200).

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%
Acetone	67-64-1	30-36
Propane	74-98-6	15-21
Toluene	108-88-3	15-21
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	5-8
N-Butane	106-97-8	5-8
Methylisobutyl ketone	108-10-1	5-8
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	108-65-6	1-3

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\*\*If Chemical Name/CAS No is "proprietary" and/or Weight-% is listed as a range, the specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.\*\*

## 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

### First Aid Measures

<b>General Advice</b>	If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
<b>Eye Contact</b>	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
<b>Inhalation</b>	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Ingestion</b>	IF SWALLOWED: call a poison control center or physician immediately. Do not induce vomiting.

### Most important symptoms and effects

<b>Symptoms</b>	Aspiration hazard: if swallowed can enter lungs and cause damage. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness and discomfort. May include redness, drying and cracking of skin. Overexposure by inhalation may cause CNS depression- drowsiness, dizziness, confusion or loss of coordination. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents may be harmful or fatal. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.
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### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

<b>Notes to Physician</b>	Treat symptomatically. Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reactive airways dysfunction syndrome).
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### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Dry chemical. Water fog.

<b>Unsuitable Extinguishing Media</b>	Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Do not use solid streams of water, except to cool closed containers.
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### Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Container explosion may occur under fire conditions. Use water spray to keep containers cool.

<b>Hazardous Combustion Products</b>	Carbon oxides.
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### Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

<b>Personal Precautions</b>	Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.
<b>Other Information</b>	Ventilate the area.
<b>Environmental Precautions</b>	See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

## Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

<b>Methods for Containment</b>	Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal.
<b>Methods for Clean-Up</b>	Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### Precautions for safe handling

<b>Advice on Safe Handling</b>	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wash face, hands, and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
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### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

<b>Storage Conditions</b>	Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Do not store at temperatures above 120°F. Store as Level 1 Aerosol (NFPA 30B). If storing in cold temperatures, allow product to reach room temperature before use.
<b>Incompatible Materials</b>	Strong oxidizing agents.

### Exposure Guidelines

The following information is given as general guidance

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Acetone 67-64-1	STEL: 750 ppm TWA: 500 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) TWA: 750 ppm (vacated) TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) STEL: 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> The acetone STEL does not apply to the cellulose acetate fiber industry. It is in effect for all other sectors (vacated) STEL: 1000 ppm	IDLH: 2500 ppm TWA: 250 ppm TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Propane 74-98-6	TWA: 1000 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) TWA: 1000 ppm (vacated) TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH: 2100 ppm TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Toluene 108-88-3	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm (vacated) TWA: 100 ppm (vacated) TWA: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) STEL: 150 ppm (vacated) STEL: 560 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Ceiling: 300 ppm	IDLH: 500 ppm TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 150 ppm STEL: 560 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

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n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	STEL: 200 ppm TWA: 150 ppm	TWA: 150 ppm TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) TWA: 150 ppm (vacated) TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) STEL: 200 ppm (vacated) STEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH: 1700 ppm TWA: 150 ppm TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 200 ppm STEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
N-Butane 106-97-8	TWA: 1000 ppm	(vacated) TWA: 800 ppm (vacated) TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 800 ppm TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Methylisobutyl ketone 108-10-1	STEL: 75 ppm TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 410 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) TWA: 50 ppm (vacated) TWA: 205 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) STEL: 75 ppm (vacated) STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH: 500 ppm TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 205 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 75 ppm STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

### Appropriate engineering controls

#### Engineering Controls

Ventilation not required under normal conditions of use. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

#### Eye/Face Protection

Avoid contact with eyes. Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Eye wash as needed for protection against spills and/or splashes.

#### Skin and Body Protection

Wear latex, rubber, nitrile, or polyethylene gloves. Wear suitable protective clothing and footwear appropriate for the risk of exposure.

#### Respiratory Protection

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Under normal conditions, respirator is not normally required. In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of vapors, use suitable respiratory equipment.

**General Hygiene Considerations** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Physical State**  
**Appearance**  
**Color**

Aerosol  
Liquid spray mist  
Clear

**Odor**  
**Odor Threshold** Solvent  
Not determined

#### Property

pH  
**Melting Point/Freezing Point**  
**Boiling Point/Boiling Range**  
**Flash Point**  
**Evaporation Rate**  
**Flammability (Solid, Gas)**  
**Upper Flammability Limits**  
**Lower Flammability Limit**

#### Values

Not applicable  
Not established  
<-18 to 177 °C  
<-18 °C  
Faster than ether  
Not determined  
Not established  
Not established

#### Remarks • Method

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Vapor Pressure	Approximately 50 psig	@ 10 °C
Vapor Density	Not determined	
Specific Gravity	0.767	@ 15°C
Water Solubility	Negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	Not determined	
Partition Coefficient	Not determined	
Auto-ignition Temperature	Not determined	
Decomposition Temperature	Not determined	
Kinematic Viscosity	Not determined	
Dynamic Viscosity	Not determined	
Explosive Properties	Pressurized container: May burst if heated	
Oxidizing Properties	Not an oxidizer	
VOC Content (%)	50.24%	

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions.

### Chemical Stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

### Conditions to Avoid

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame.

### Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

### Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon oxides.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Product Information

**Eye Contact** Causes severe eye irritation.

**Skin Contact** Causes skin irritation.

**Inhalation** Harmful by inhalation.

**Ingestion** May be harmful if swallowed. Potential for aspiration if swallowed.

### Component Information

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Acetone 67-64-1	= 5800 mg/kg ( Rat )	-	-
Propane 74-98-6	-	-	= 658 mg/L ( Rat ) 4 h
Toluene 108-88-3	= 636 mg/kg ( Rat )	= 8390 mg/kg ( Rabbit ) = 12124 mg/kg ( Rat )	= 12.5 mg/L ( Rat ) 4 h > 26700 ppm ( Rat ) 1 h

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n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	= 10768 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 17600 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	= 391 ppm ( Rat ) 4 h
N-Butane 106-97-8	-	-	= 658 mg/L ( Rat ) 4 h
Methylisobutyl ketone 108-10-1	= 2080 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 16000 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	= 8.2 mg/L ( Rat ) 4 h
Propylene glycol monomethylether acetate 108-65-6	= 8532 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 5000 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	-

### Information on physical, chemical and toxicological effects

**Symptoms** Please see section 4 of this SDS for symptoms.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Germ cell mutagenicity** May cause genetic defects.

**Carcinogenicity** May cause cancer.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Toluene 108-88-3		Group 3		
Methylisobutyl ketone 108-10-1	A3	Group 2B		X

**Reproductive toxicity** Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

**STOT - single exposure** May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**STOT - repeated exposure** May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. liver. Urinary Tract. Cardiovascular System. Reproductive System. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

Not determined

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Ecotoxicity

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Acetone 67-64-1		4.74 - 6.33: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mL/L LC50 6210 - 8120: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static 8300: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50	EC50 = 14500 mg/L 15 min	10294 - 17704: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50 Static 12600 - 12700: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50

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Toluene 108-88-3	433: 96 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50 12.5: 72 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50 static	15.22 - 19.05: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through 12.6: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static 5.89 - 7.81: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 flow-through 14.1 - 17.16: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 static 5.8: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 semi-static 11.0 - 15.0: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static 54: 96 h Oryzias latipes mg/L LC50 static 28.2: 96 h Poecilia reticulata mg/L LC50 semi-static 50.87 - 70.34: 96 h Poecilia reticulata mg/L LC50 static	EC50 = 19.7 mg/L 30 min	5.46 - 9.83: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50 Static 11.5: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	674.7: 72 h Desmodesmus subspicatus mg/L EC50	17 - 19: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow- through 100: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static 62: 96 h Leuciscus idus mg/L LC50 static	EC50 = 70.0 mg/L 5 min EC50 = 82.2 mg/L 15 min EC50 = 959 mg/L 18 h EC50 = 98.9 mg/L 30 min	72.8: 24 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
Methylisobutyl ketone 108-10-1	400: 96 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50	496 - 514: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through	EC50 = 79.6 mg/L 5 min	170: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate 108-65-6		161: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static		500: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50

### Persistence/Degradability

Not determined.

### Bioaccumulation

Not determined.

### Mobility

Chemical Name	Partition Coefficient
Acetone 67-64-1	-0.24
Propane 74-98-6	2.3
Toluene 108-88-3	2.65
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	1.81
N-Butane 106-97-8	2.89
Methylisobutyl ketone 108-10-1	1.19
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate 108-65-6	0.43

### Other Adverse Effects

Not determined

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Waste Treatment Methods



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### Disposal of Wastes

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Do not puncture or incinerate containers even when empty. Empty containers are 95% steel; recycle where allowed.

### Contaminated Packaging

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Chemical Name	RCRA	RCRA - Basis for Listing	RCRA - D Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
Acetone 67-64-1		Included in waste stream: F039		U002
Toluene 108-88-3	U220	Included in waste streams: F005, F024, F025, F039, K015, K036, K037, K149, K151		U220
Methylisobutyl ketone 108-10-1		Included in waste stream: F039		U161

Chemical Name	RCRA - Halogenated Organic Compounds	RCRA - P Series Wastes	RCRA - F Series Wastes	RCRA - K Series Wastes
Toluene 108-88-3			Toxic waste waste number F025 Waste description: Condensed light ends, spent filters and filter aids, and spent desiccant wastes from the production of certain chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons, by free radical catalyzed processes. These chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons are those having carbon chain lengths ranging from one to and including five, with varying amounts and positions of chlorine substitution.	

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status
Acetone 67-64-1	Ignitable
Toluene 108-88-3	Toxic Ignitable
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	Toxic

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### Note

Please see current shipping paper for most up to date shipping information, including exemptions and special circumstances.

### DOT

Proper Shipping Name Consumer commodity  
Hazard Class ORM-D

### IATA

UN/ID No ID8000  
Proper Shipping Name Consumer commodity  
Hazard Class 9

### IMDG

UN/ID No UN1950

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**Proper Shipping Name** Aerosols  
**Hazard Class** 2.1

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### International Inventories

**TSCA** One or more ingredient(s) in this product is listed on the TSCA inventory  
**DSL** One or more ingredient(s) in this product is listed on the DSL inventory  
**AICS** Listed

#### Legend:

*TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory*  
*DSL/NDL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List*  
*EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances*  
*ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances*  
*IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances*  
*KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances*  
*PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances*

#### US Federal Regulations

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Acetone 67-64-1	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ RQ 2270 kg final RQ
Toluene 108-88-3	1000 lb 1 lb		RQ 1000 lb final RQ RQ 454 kg final RQ RQ 1 lb final RQ RQ 0.454 kg final RQ
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ RQ 2270 kg final RQ
Methylisobutyl ketone 108-10-1	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ RQ 2270 kg final RQ

#### SARA 313

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Toluene - 108-88-3	108-88-3	15-21	1.0
Methylisobutyl ketone - 108-10-1	108-10-1	5-8	1.0

Component	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Toluene 108-88-3 ( 15-21 )	1000 lb	X	X	X
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4 ( 5-8 )	5000 lb			X

#### US State Regulations

Chemical Name	California Proposition 65
Toluene - 108-88-3	Developmental Female Reproductive
Methylisobutyl ketone - 108-10-1	Carcinogen

#### U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Not determined

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania

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Acetone 67-64-1	X	X	X
Propane 74-98-6	X	X	X
Toluene 108-88-3	X	X	X
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	X	X	X
N-Butane 106-97-8	X	X	X
Methylisobutyl ketone 108-10-1	X	X	X

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

<b>NEPA</b>	<b>Health Hazards</b>	<b>Flammability</b>	<b>Instability</b>	<b>Special Hazards</b>
	2	4	1	Not Determined
<b>HMIS</b>	<b>Health Hazards</b>	<b>Flammability</b>	<b>Physical Hazards</b>	<b>Personal Protection</b>
	2	4	1	Not Determined

**Issue Date:** 22-Feb-2011  
**Revision Date:** 22-Jan-2014  
**Revision Note:** New format

#### **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**